Higher Biology

Maintaining A Water Balance Checktest

- 1. Describe **where** in their bodies and by **which process** bony fish may gain or lose water.
- 2. In relation to bony fish state **the location** of the chloride secretory cells and **the process** they use to pump ions in or out of a fish.
- 3. State the probable **size** and **number** of glomeruli that a fresh water fish would have in its kidneys.
- 4. Salmon migrate between fresh and salt water. For each phrase below state whether it applies to the fish in **fresh water** or **salt water**.
 - A. Salmon drinks large volume of water.
 - B. Salmon produces large volume of dilute urine.
 - C. Chloride secretory cells pump out ions.
 - D. Salmon gains water by osmosis.
- 5. Explain how a high level of ADH in the bloodstream would help a kangaroo rat conserve water.
- 6. Name **two other** physiological adaptations that would help a kangaroo rat conserve water.
- 7. Name **two** behavioural adaptations that a kangaroo rat could use to conserve water.
- 8. What is the major force involved in the transpiration stream?
- 9. Name the force that holds water molecules together as they travel up xylem vessels.
- 10. Describe the movement of water required and the state the guard cells must be in for stomata to close.
- 11. What is the advantage to plants of having their stomata closed at night?
- 12. Name **two** conditions that would result in an increase in the rate of transpiration in a plant.
- 13. Name two benefits to plants of the transpiration stream.