## Higher Biology - Basic Problem Solving Practice

1. The population of mice in an area of woodland is 1 million. The increase in the population is $1 \%$ per annum. What will the population be after 2 years?
2. A cell appears to be 1 cm long when viewed under a microscope. The microscope has a magnification of $x 200$. What is the size of the cell in micrometers? $(1 \mathrm{~mm}=$ 1000micrometres)
3. 250 seedlings were planted but only 150 of them successfully germinated. What is the percentage germination?
4. 150 seeds were planted. $10 \%$ of these successfully germinated. How many is this?
5. If a DNA molecule contains 2000 bases and 400 of these are Cytosine, what percentage is made up of adenine molecules?
6. The mass of a tree decreased from 16kg in May to 12 kg in November. What was the percentage decrease?
7. The length of muscle tissue changed from 32 mm to 26 mm . What is the percentage change?
8. In a genetic cross, 215 flowers were produced. 68 of these were purple, 35 yellow and 17 white. Express this to the nearest whole number ratio.
$\qquad$ purple: $\qquad$ white: $\qquad$ yellow
9. When investigating osmosis in potatoes, why is it important to do the following?
i) wait for a suitable length of time before re-weighing potatoes?
ii) blot the potatoes dry before re-weighing?
10. When doing an experiment, why is it important to repeat it?
